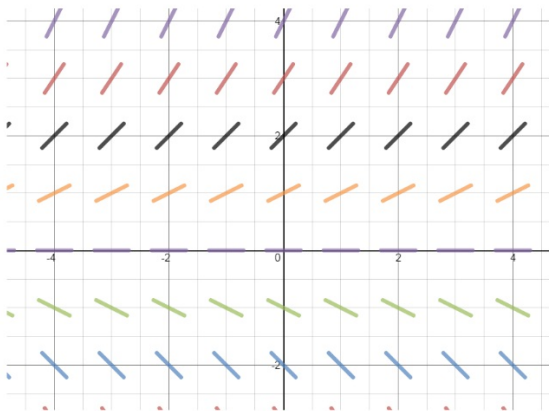


General Solution

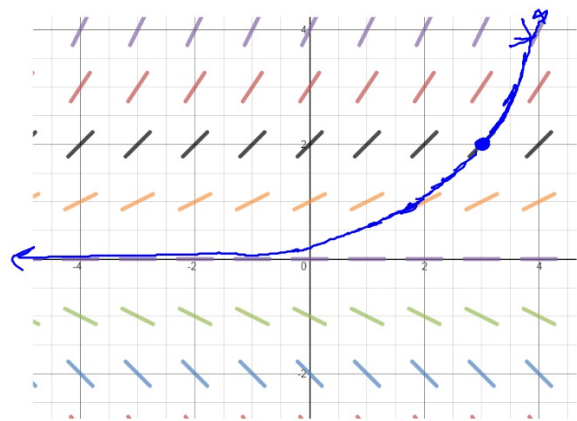
Notes

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2y \rightarrow y = Ce^{2x}$$



Particular Solution

Initial Condition: (3,2)



How to find a particular solution

Separation of variables

Group like terms

Integrate

Simplify...maybe solve for y

Plug initial condition (x,y) point

Solve for C , put it in

Solve for y

Example: Let $\frac{dy}{dx} = \left(\frac{-xy^2}{2} \right) dx$ Find y with initial condition $y(-1)=2$

$x \quad y$
 $(-1, 2)$

$$-2 \left(dy = -\frac{1}{2} xy^2 dx \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{-2dy}{y^2} = \frac{xy^2 dx}{y^2}$$

$$\int -2 \cdot \frac{1}{y^2} dy = \int x dx$$

$$-2 \int \frac{1}{y^2} dy = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + C$$

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C$$

$$-2 \int y^{-2} dy$$

$$+2 \frac{y^{-1}}{-1} + C = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + C$$

$$2y^{-1} = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + C$$

$$\frac{2}{y} = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + C \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{use I.C.}$$

$$\frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} (-1)^2 + C$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{2} + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = C$$

$$\frac{2}{y} = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{y} \times \frac{x^2+1}{2}$$

$$y = y(x^2+1)$$

$$\frac{4}{x^2+1} = y$$

$$\frac{-2}{y} = -\frac{1}{2} x^2 + C$$

Review Stations...will be pushed back to next Friday.

Please note the change on your calendars ("The Final Stretch")

Homework:

- Watch [2](#) review videos on mcalc.weebly.com
- Work on practice assessment; real assess in DS Weds
- MONDAY: timed 40 min no calculator AP test mult. choice
OR work on roller coaster project