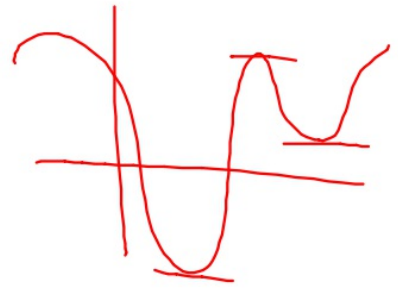


2. x, y

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 100 \\ xy = \text{max} \end{cases}$$



$$x + 2y = 100$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{100 - x}{2}$$

$$y = 50 - \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$y = 50 - \frac{1}{2}(50)$$

$$\underline{y = 25}$$

$$x(50 - \frac{1}{2}x) = \text{max}$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 50x = \text{max}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2x + 50 = \text{max}'$$

$$-x + 50 = \text{max}' = 0$$

$$\underline{x = 50}$$

$$p = 80 = 2(x + y)$$

$$p = 80 = 2x + 2y$$

$$40 = x + y$$

$$\checkmark \underline{40 - x = y}$$

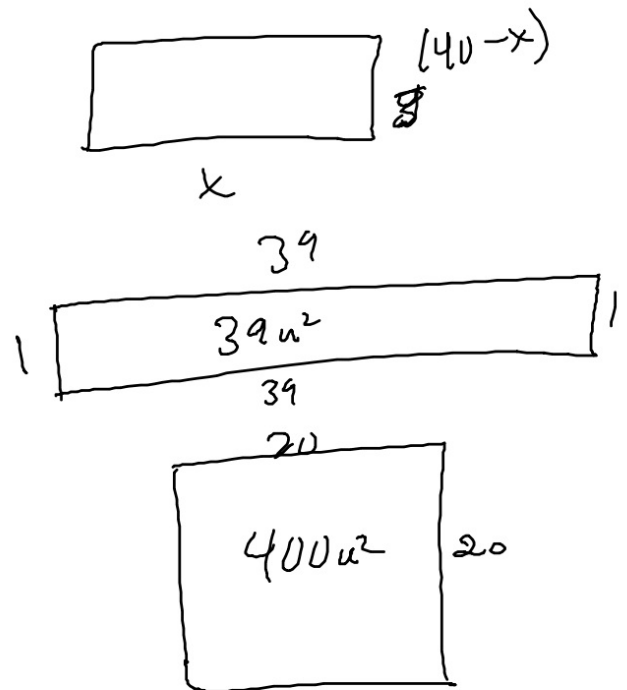
$$A = x(40 - x)$$

$$A = 40x - x^2$$

$$A' = 40 - 2x = 0$$

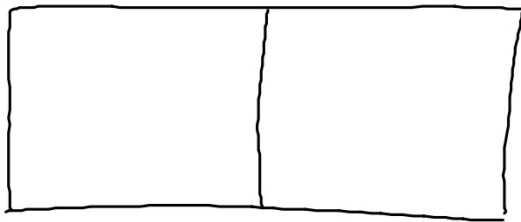
$$\underline{x = 20} \quad \underline{y = 20}$$

$$\boxed{A = 400 \text{ cm}^2}$$



all

3.)



7.) Wire 4ft max total Area.



$$A = x^2 + \pi r^2$$

max $p = \text{perimeter} + \text{perimeter}$

$$4 = 4x + 2\pi r$$

$$1 = x + \frac{1}{2}\pi r$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi r = x$$

$$A = \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi r\right)^2 + \pi r^2$$

$$A' = 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi r\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\pi\right) + 2\pi r$$

$$A' = -\pi\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi r\right)$$

$$A' = -\pi\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\pi r\right)$$

$$A' = -\pi + \frac{1}{2}\pi^2 r + 2\pi r$$

$$0 = -\pi + \frac{1}{2}\pi^2 r + 2\pi r$$

$$0 = \pi\left(-1 + \frac{1}{2}\pi r + 2r\right)$$

$$0 = -1 + \frac{1}{2}\pi r + 2r$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{2}\pi r + 2r \quad \text{times 2}$$

$$2 = \frac{\pi r + 4r}{\pi + 4}$$

$$2 = r(\pi + 4)$$

$$3x + 2x$$

$$x(3+2)$$

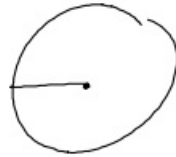
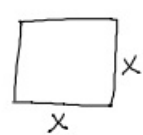
$$\frac{2}{\pi + 4} = r$$

$$\underline{\underline{0.280 \approx r}}$$

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$C = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot (0.280 \dots)$$

$$C = 1.75$$



$$\left. \begin{aligned} &(x+3)^2 \\ &= x^2 + 9 \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} &2(x+7)^3 \\ &6(x+7) \end{aligned} \right\}$$