

Name \_\_\_\_\_

### Topic 1: Fractional & Negative Exponents

Simplify using only positive exponents

$$1. -3x^{-3}$$

$$2. -5\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)(4 - 9x)^{\frac{-1}{2}}(-9)$$

$$3. 2\left(\frac{2}{2-x}\right)\left[\frac{-2}{(2-x)^2}\right]$$

$$4. \left(16x^2y\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$5. -\frac{x^{\frac{-1}{2}}}{2} \sin \sqrt{x}$$

$$6. \frac{\sqrt[4]{4x-16}}{\sqrt[4]{(x-4)^3}}$$

$$7. -4\left(\frac{2x-1}{2x+1}\right)^{-3} \left[ \frac{2(2x+1) - 2(2x-1)}{(2x+1)^2} \right] \quad 8. \frac{\frac{1}{2}(2x+5)^{\frac{-3}{2}}}{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$9. \left(\frac{1}{x^{-2}} + \frac{4}{x^{-1}y^{-1}} + \frac{1}{y^{-2}}\right)^{\frac{-1}{2}}$$

## Topic 2: Domain

Find the domain of the following functions:

$$1. \ y = \frac{3x - 2}{4x + 1}$$

$$2. \ y = \frac{x^2 - 4}{2x + 4}$$

$$3. \ y = \frac{x^2 - 5x - 6}{x^2 - 3x - 18}$$

$$4. \ y = \frac{2^{2-x}}{x}$$

$$5. \ y = \sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{x+3}$$

$$6. \ y = \frac{\sqrt{2x-9}}{2x+9}$$

$$7. \ y = \frac{x^2 + 8x + 12}{\sqrt[4]{x+5}}$$

$$8. \ y = \sqrt{x^2 - 5x - 14}$$

$$9. \ y = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x-6}}{\sqrt{x^2 - x - 30}}$$

$$10. \ y = \log(2x - 12)$$

$$11. \ y = \sqrt{\tan x}$$

$$12. \ y = \frac{x}{\cos x}$$

### Topic 3: Solving inequalities (absolute value)

Write the following absolute value expressions as piecewise expressions

$$1. \ y = |2x - 4|$$

$$2. \ y = |6 + 2x| + 1$$

$$3. \ y = |4x + 1| + 2x - 3$$

Solve the following absolute value inequalities

$$4. \ |x - 3| > 12$$

$$5. \ |x - 3| \leq 4$$

$$6. \ |10x + 8| > 2$$

$$7. \ |3x - 4| > -2$$

$$8. \ |x - 6| > -8$$

$$9. \ |x + 1| \leq |x - 3|$$

## Topic 4: Solving inequalities (quadratic)

Write the following absolute value expressions as piecewise expressions

$$1. |x^2 - 1|$$

$$2. |x^2 + x - 12|$$

$$3. |x^2 + 4x + 4|$$

Solve the following by factoring and making appropriate sign charts.

$$4. x^2 - 16 > 0$$

$$5. x^2 + 6x - 16 > 0$$

$$6. x^2 - 3x \geq 10$$

$$7. 2x^2 + 4x \leq 3$$

$$8. x^3 + 4x^2 - x \geq 4$$

$$9. 2\sin^2 x \geq \sin x \quad 0 \leq x < 2\pi$$

## **Topic 5: Special factorization**

Factor completely

$$1. \ x^3 + 8$$

$$2. \ x^3 - 8$$

$$3. \ 27x^3 - 125y^3$$

$$4. \ x^4 + 11x^2 - 80$$

$$5. \ ac + cd - ab - bd$$

$$6. \ 2x^2 + 50y^2 - 20xy$$

$$7. \ x^2 + 12x + 36 - 9y^2$$

$$8. \ x^3 - xy^2 + x^2y - y^3$$

$$9. \ (x - 3)^2(2x + 1)^3 + (x - 3)^3(2x + 1)^2$$

## Topic 6: Function transformation

If  $f(x) = x^2 - 1$ , describe in words what the following would do to the graph of  $f(x)$ :

1.  $f(x) - 4$

2.  $f(x - 4)$

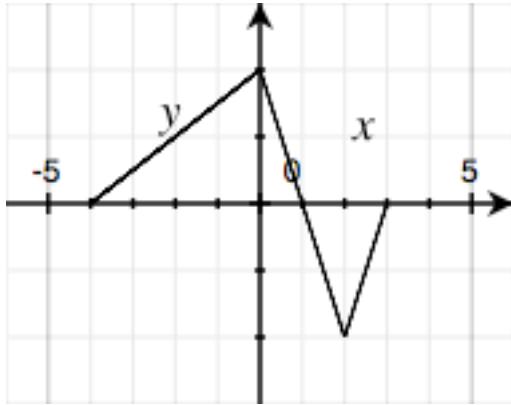
3.  $-f(x + 2)$

4.  $5f(x) + 3$

5.  $f(2x)$

6.  $|f(x)|$

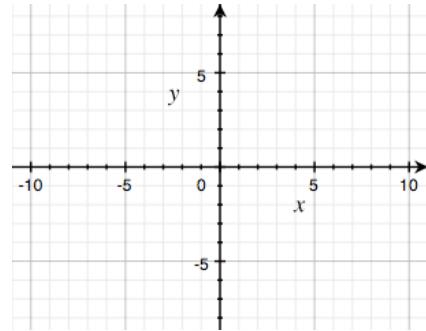
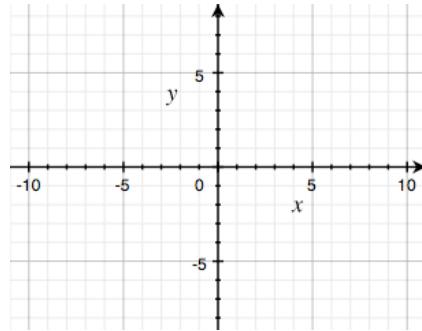
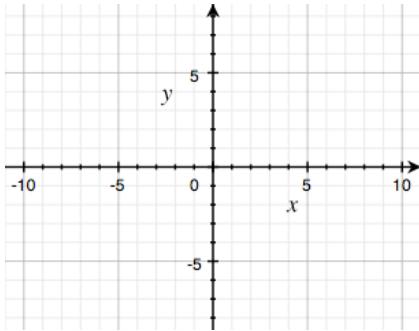
Here is a graph of  $y = f(x)$ . Sketch the following graphs



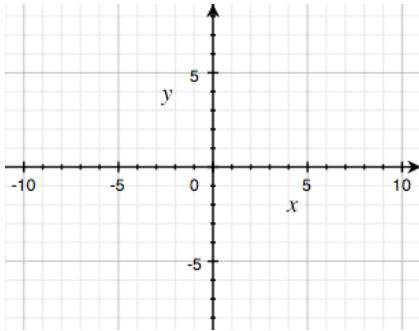
7.  $y = 2f(x)$

8.  $y = -f(x)$

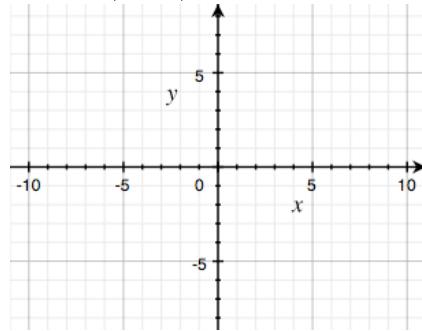
9.  $y = f(x - 1)$



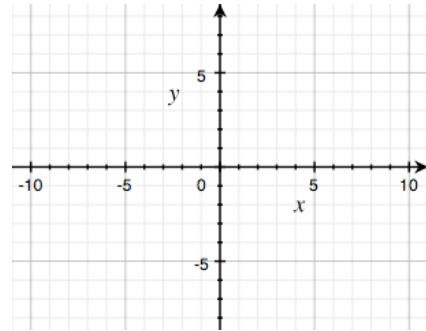
10.  $y = f(x + 2)$



11.  $y = |f(x)|$



12.  $y = f|x|$



### Topic 8: Even and odd functions

Show work to determine if the relation is even, odd, or neither

$$1. f(x) = 2x^2 - 7$$

$$2. f(x) = -4x^3 - 2x$$

$$3. f(x) = 4x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$4. f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$5. f|x| = |x| - x^2 + 1$$

$$6. 5x^2 - 6y = 1$$

$$7. y = e^x - \frac{1}{e^x}$$

$$8. 3y^3 = 4x^3 + 1$$

$$9. 3x = |y|$$

## Topic 9: Solving quadratic equations and quadratic formula

Solve each equation

$$1. \ 7x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$2. \ 4x(x - 2) - 5x(x - 1) = 2$$

$$3. \ x^2 + 6x + 4 = 0$$

$$4. \ 2x^2 - 3x + 3 = 0$$

$$5. \ 2x^2 - (x + 2)(x - 3) = 12$$

$$6. \ x + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{13}{6}$$

$$7. \ x^4 - 9x^2 + 8 = 0$$

$$8. \ x - 10\sqrt{x} + 9 = 0$$

$$9. \ \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x} = 6$$

## Topic 10: Asymptotes

For each function, find the equations of both the vertical asymptote(s) and horizontal asymptotes (if they exist)

$$1. \ y = \frac{x}{x - 3}$$

$$2. \ y = \frac{x + 4}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$3. \ y = \frac{x + 4}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$4. \ y = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 1}{x^2 - 3x - 4}$$

$$5. \ y = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^3 + 3x^2 - 18x}$$

$$6. \ y = \frac{2x^2 + 6x}{x^3 - 3x^2 - 4x}$$

$$7. \ y = \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^3 - x^2 + x - 6}$$

$$8. \ y = \frac{2x^3}{x^3 - 1}$$

$$9. \ y = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{2x^2 - 10}$$

## Topic 11: Complex fractions

Simplify the following

$$1. \frac{x}{x - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$2. \frac{\frac{1}{x} + 4}{\frac{1}{x} - 2}$$

$$3. \frac{x - \frac{1}{x}}{x + \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$4. \frac{\frac{3}{x} - \frac{4}{y}}{\frac{4}{x} - \frac{3}{y}}$$

$$5. \frac{1 - \frac{2}{3x}}{x - \frac{4}{9x}}$$

$$6. \frac{\frac{x^2 - y^2}{xy}}{\frac{x + y}{y}}$$

$$7. \frac{x^{-3} - x}{x^{-2} - 1}$$

$$8. \frac{\frac{x}{1-x} + \frac{1+x}{x}}{\frac{1-x}{x} + \frac{x}{1+x}}$$

$$9. \frac{\frac{4}{x-5} + \frac{2}{x+2}}{\frac{2x}{x^2 - 3x - 10} + 3}$$

## Topic 12: Composition of functions

If  $f(x) = x^2$ ,  $g(x) = 2x - 1$ , and  $h(x) = 2^x$ , find the following

$$1. f(g(2))$$

$$2.. f(g(2))$$

$$3. f(h(-1))$$

$$4. h(f(-1))$$

$$5. g\left(f\left(h\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$6. f(g(x))$$

$$7. g(f(x))$$

$$8. g(g(x))$$

$$9. f(h(x))$$

### Topic 13: Solving Rational (fractional) equations

Solve each equation for  $x$

$$1. \frac{2}{3} - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$2. x + \frac{6}{x} = 5$$

$$3. \frac{x+1}{3} - \frac{x-1}{2} = 1$$

$$4. \frac{x-5}{x+1} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$5. \frac{60}{x} - \frac{60}{x-5} = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$6. \frac{2}{x+5} + \frac{1}{x-5} = \frac{16}{x^2-25}$$

$$7. \frac{x}{x-2} + \frac{2x}{4-x^2} = \frac{5}{x+2}$$

$$8. \frac{x}{2x-6} - \frac{3}{x^2-6x+9} = \frac{x-2}{3x-9}$$

$$9. \frac{2x+3}{x-1} = \frac{10}{x^2-1} + \frac{2x-3}{x+1}$$

## Topic 14: Solving Rational (fractional) equations

Solve the following problems.

If point  $P$  is on the terminal side of  $\theta$ , find all 6 trig functions of  $\theta$ . Draw a picture.

1.  $P(-2, 4)$

2.  $P(\sqrt{5}, -2)$

3. If  $\cos\theta = \frac{5}{13}$ ,  $\theta$  in quadrant II,  
find  $\sin\theta$  and  $\tan\theta$

4. If  $\cot\theta = 3$ ,  $\theta$  in quadrant III,  
find  $\sin\theta$  and  $\cos\theta$

Find the exact value of the following without calculators:

5.  $\sin^2 225^\circ - \cos^2 300^\circ$

6.  $(6\sec 180^\circ - 4\cot 90^\circ)^2$

7.  $(4\cos 30^\circ - 6\sin 120^\circ)^{-2}$

Solve the following triangles (3 decimal place accuracy)

$A =$                      $a = 21.7$

$A =$                      $a = 6$  feet

8.  $B = 16^\circ$

$b =$

$B =$

$b =$

$C = 90^\circ$

$c =$

$C = 90^\circ$

$c = 95$  inches

### Topic 15: Solving Trigonometric equations

Solve each equation on the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$

$$1. \sin x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2. \cos^2 x = \cos x$$

$$3. 2\cos x + \sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$4. 4\sin^2 x = 1$$

$$5. 2\sin^2 x + \sin x = 1$$

$$6. \cos^2 x + 2\cos x = 3$$

$$7. 2\sin x \cos x + \sin x = 0$$

$$8. 8\cos^2 x - 2\cos x = 1$$

$$9. \sin^2 x - \cos^2 x = 0$$