I-A4a

1. Find the exact area of the shaded region. Show all work.


I-U4
Let $f(x)=\int_{3}^{2 x} 2 t^{2}-3 t-2 d t$.
2 . Find $f^{\prime}(x)$. Simplify your answer.
3. Find all intervals where $f(x)$ is increasing. Justify your answer.

I-U7
Suppose $f(x)$ and $h(x)$ are continuous functions such that

$$
\int_{1}^{9} f(x) d x=-1, \quad \int_{7}^{9} f(x) d x=5, \quad \int_{7}^{9} h(x) d x=4 .
$$

4. $\int_{9}^{7}[h(x)-f(x)] d x$
5. $\int_{1}^{7} f(x) d x$

I-U5
6. $\int_{4}^{9} 2 x-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} d x$
7. If $\int_{-2}^{2}\left(x^{3}+k\right) d x=16$, then what is the value of $k$ ?

I-U9
The function $f(t)$ is shown over $[-6,6]$ and consists of line segments and a semicircle.
Let $G(x)=\int_{-6}^{x} f(t) d t$

9. Find the relative maxima of $G(x)$, if any, over $[-6,6]$. Justify your answer.
10. Find any points of inflection of $G(x)$. Justify your answer.

