Continuous function $f(t)$ is graphed below on $[-4,12]$ and consists of 6 line segments. Let $G(x)=\int_{2}^{x} f(t) d t$

$G^{\prime}(0)$
$G^{\prime \prime}(1)$
$G^{\prime}(8)$

$$
G^{\prime \prime}(-2)
$$

Where does $G$ have relative maxima? Minima?

Where does $G$ have inflection points?

Where is $G$ decreasing and concave up?

