

Please have your Piecewise handout with you

In notes: Other Trig Derivatives

Find the derivative of $\csc(x) = \frac{1}{\sin x}$


$$\frac{d}{dx} \csc x = -\csc(x) \cdot \cot(x)$$

$$\sec(x) = \frac{1}{\cos(x)} \quad \frac{d}{dx} \sec x = \sec(x) \cdot \tan(x)$$

$$\cot(x) = \frac{\overset{f}{\cos x}}{\underset{g}{\sin x}}$$

$$\frac{-\sin \cdot \sin - \cos \cdot \cos}{\sin^2 x} \rightarrow \frac{-\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cot(x) = -\csc^2(x)$$

$$\frac{-1(\cancel{\sin^2 x} + \cancel{\cos^2 x})}{\sin^2 x} \quad 1$$


$$\begin{array}{cc} f & f' \\ \sin & \cos \end{array}$$

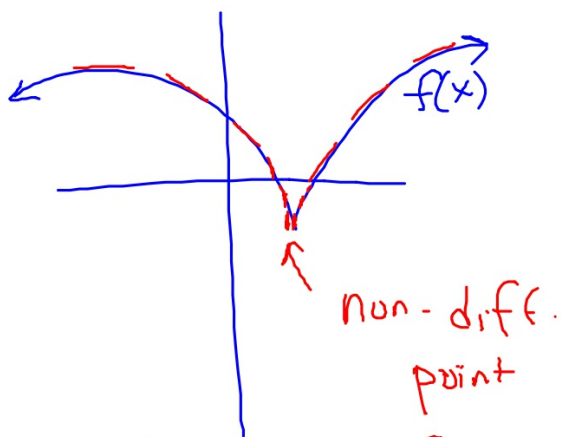
$$\cos \quad -\sin$$

$$\tan \quad \sec^2$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} f & f' \\ \csc & -\csc \cdot \cot \end{array}$$

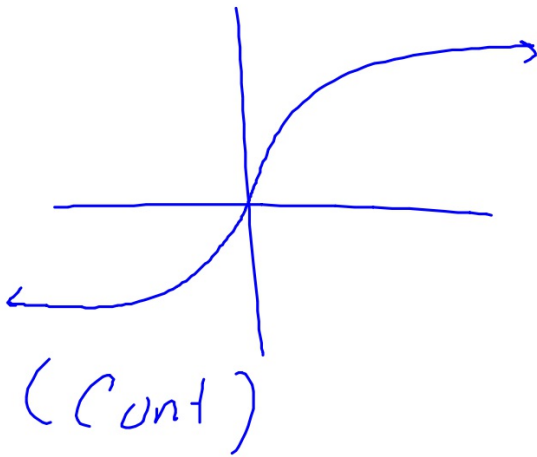
$$\sec \quad \sec \cdot \tan$$

$$\cot \quad -\csc^2$$



A function f is differentiable
if its derivative f' is
continuous.

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

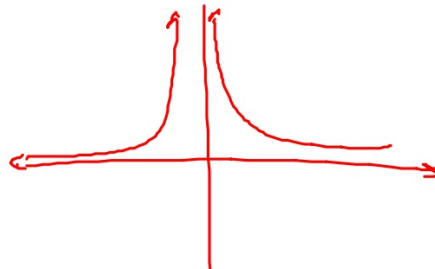


so f is not diff

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{3} x^{-2/3}$$

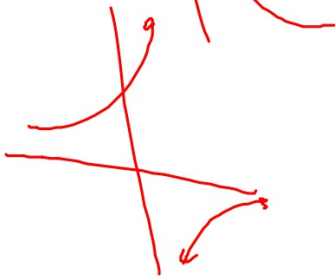
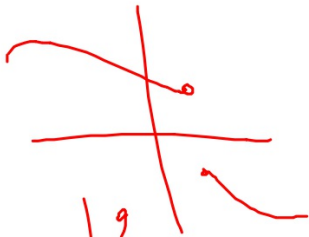
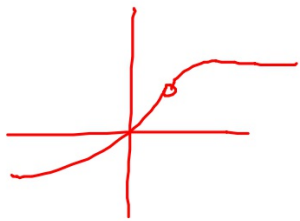
$$f' = \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$$

f' is not ~~cont~~ defined @ $x=0$.

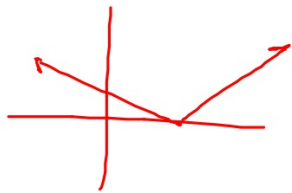


discontinuous derivative.

Disc. function $\xrightarrow{\text{have}}$ a Cont. derivative



Continuity does not imply
differentiability.



Differentiability implies
Continuity.